

Portable THC Analyzer TVOC Heated FID 3-200

Transportable heated gas emission analyzer for the continuous determination of the mass concentration of total gaseous organic carbon using the Flame Ionization Detector Method. Non Methane Hydrocarbon Option available

Throughout the EU the 3-200 fully complies with QAL1 (EN 14181-EN ISO 14659), with EN 12619:2013 and in the USA with EPA Method 25A and Method 503.



**Low cost of ownership. **Low fuel gas consumption. **The combustion air supply for the FID-detector built in. No external cylinder for synthetic air needed. **The available, safe, low pressure unit stores Hydrogen as solid metal hydrid powder, not as a compressed gas. Stored fuel gas is 5.0 quality and sufficient to operate the FID for over 45 hours continuously. Refill from a master cylinder is safe and easy with a standard cylinder regulator output of 25 bar.

General:

Confirmed by TÜV-Nord to comply with EN 14181 and EN ISO 14956 (EU). Fully complies with EN 12619:2013 (EU) and EPA Method 25A and Method 503 (USA)

While several thousand's of analyzers sold, the 3-200 is a very widely distributed portable heated FID Analyzer. It is a very forgiving, very robust and cost effective heated FID analyzer, mostly used in stack certification, temporary source and stack compliance testing. Very good for difficult to reach testing locations. The **most typical use of the 3-200** is the employment by stack testing laboratories/companies and OEM's to optimize emissions treatment systems.

The Model 3-200 is time proven in over 38 years as the identical but portable version of our rack mount analyzers; The 3-200, VE7 and 3-300A are identical analyzers and are TÜV confirmed to fully comply. The 3-200 is a highly reliable and outstandingly forgiving and rugged transportable heated total hydrocarbon (total gaseous organic carbon) FID analyzer. Built for low drift, high accuracy, high sensitivity and stability. The 3-200 uses our proprietary hydrogen flame ionization detector (FID) in a heated oven to prevent the loss of high molecular weight hydrocarbons and to provide reliable performance in the analysis of high concentrations down to very low trace concentration levels of gaseous organic carbon contaminants in emissions, air, other gases and high purity gases. All sample containing parts and components are discretely integrated into an easy to maintain heated chamber. The permanent heated sample filter is cleaned by back purging with compressed air or nitrogen. This feature allows nearly uninterrupted measurements during cleaning the sample filter. While back purging the sample filter, the connected heated sample line and sample probe are also cleaned. This is a very unique feature which makes separate cleaning of the sample line unnecessary The use of a stack probe filter is not necessary when the 3-200 FID is used in a stand alone mode. The combustion air supply for the detector is built in. No expensive air generator or external cylinder for synthetic air is needed. Lower price version with disposable sample filter available. See options list.

The 3-200 is a standard analyzer and therefore optimized in accordance with the European EN-12619:2013 specifications. For numerous other applications different target optimizations are available for "non EN-12619:20136" applications are available. Please contact us!



Analyzer Features

- Made in Germany
- <u>1st Sampling Filter Choice:</u> Maintenance free, permanently installed sample filter back purge system allows filter to be cleaned without dismantling. Does not interrupt analyzing (automatic back purge optional)
- <u>2nd Sampling Filter Choice:</u> Disposable sample filter which is easily accessible in the rear panel without special tools. This optional available feature reflects an approx. 20% price advantage.
- All components in contact with sample are fully heated and digitally maintained at 190°C
- Built-In sample pump
- · Built-in combustion air supply, no extra burner air bottle needed
- Permanent 2 micron stainless mesh sample filter or 2 micron disposable sample filter
- "Overflow" calibration system for safe zero and span calibration
- Automatic flame out alarm contact and optional available fuel shut off valve
- Fast response less than 1 second @ sample inlet
- Low fuel consumption @ 100% or 40/60 mixed fuel gases
- Microprocessor PID type temperature controller
- · Remote control for sample, zero gas, span gas and back purge is standard
- Automatic or remote range change optional

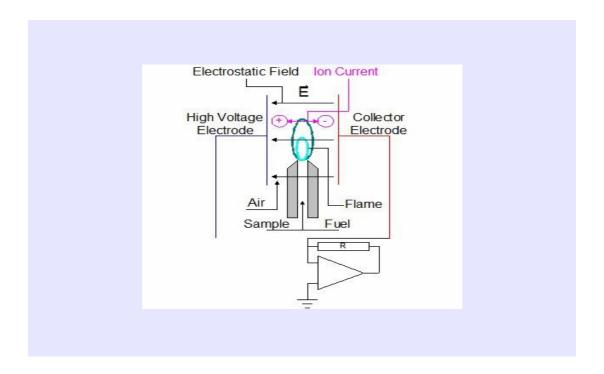
Applications

- Compliance monitoring of source hydrocarbons following European EN 14181/ EN ISO 14659, EN 12619:2013, USA EPA regulations: Method 25A and Method 503
- Stack gas hydrocarbon emissions monitoring
- Spray paint booth TVOC monitoring
- · Fence line (perimeter) monitoring
- Solvent recovery monitor for carbon bed break through
- Catalytic converter and thermal combustion testing
- Carbon adsorption regeneration control
- Measuring engine combustion efficiency
- Raw exhaust vehicle emissions analysis
- Hydrocarbon contamination monitoring in air and other gases
- Detection of trace hydrocarbons in high purity gases used in the semi conductor industry
- LEL monitor of solvent laden air (Spray paint Booth, Paint Manufacturing, Decrease of metal parts, Printing and coating industry and many more)

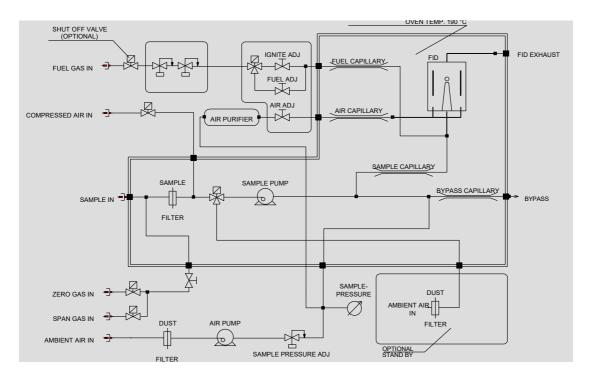
Principle of Operation

The Heated Flame Ionization Detection (HFID) method is used to determine the presence of total hydrocarbon concentrations in gaseous samples. Burning hydrocarbon-free hydrogen in hydrocarbon-free air produces a negligible number of ions in the detector. Once a sample which contains any organic carbon matter is introduced into this flame, a very complex ionization process is started. This process creates a large number of ions. A high polarizing voltage is applied between the two electrodes around the burner nozzle and produces an electrostatic field. Now negative carbon ions migrate to the collector electrode and positive hydrogen ions migrate to the high voltage electrode. The so generated ionization current between the two electrodes is directly proportional to the hydrocarbon concentration in the sample that is burned by the flame. This signal is measured and amplified by a highly sensitive and stable electro-meter-amplifier unit.

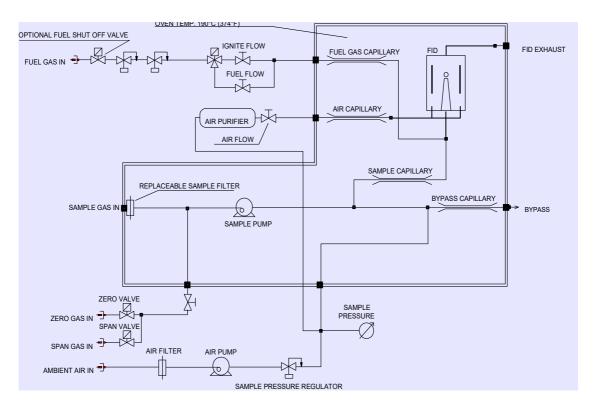
Our proprietary sample pressure regulator provides a controlled sample pressure and flow which gives admittance of a constant sample flow rate to the FID burner. This technique of using our non sample contact regulator is time proven for over 40 years by J.U.M. Engineering to provide the highest possible sample low flow rate stability at the lowest maintenance. Our compactly designed flow control module for fuel, ignition and air flow rates via low thermal mass needle valves use high precision pressure regulators. The needle valves are factory adjusted and sealed to ensure the optimization of the burner.



3-200 HFID Total Gaseous Organic Carbon Analyzer



Complete flow diagram shown with standard back purge sample filter



Complete flow diagram shown with OVE 32 option; Disposable sample filter

Technical Specifications

Method	Heated Flame Ionization Detector (HFID)
Sensitivity	Max. 1 ppm CH ₄ full scale (100 ppb lowest detectable)
Response time	@ sample inlet <0.2 seconds
t ₉₀ time	@ sample inlet <1.2 seconds
t ₉₀ time including 4X6mm sample line	Including heated sample line (7.5m) and sample probe filter filter: less than 8 seconds
Zero drift	<2% full scale / 24h
Span drift	<2% full scale / 24h
Linearity	Up to 10.000 ppm full scale within 1.5%
Oxygen synergism	< 2% FSD
Measuring ranges (ppm)	0-10,100, 1.000, 10.000, 100.000, others on request. Front panel turn switch, automatic or remote optional, and
Signal outputs	0-10 VDC, 4-20 mA, including RS-232 data output
Display	6- digit direct reading ppm units capability to measure 3 overlapping ranges without range change
Total sample flow through	2.5 to 2.8 l/min capacity @ operating temp.
Sample filter	Permanent 2 micron mesh filter, cleaned by back purge with compressed dry air or N2 standard. Alternatively disposable change filter in rear panel. Option OVE 32
Zero and Span gas	Front panel switch selectable and remote control, gas inlets on rear panel
Zero and span adjust	Manual duo dial on front panel
Fuel gas choice	 Standard 100% H2, consumption approx. 20 ml/min Optional 40%H2/60%He, consumption approximately 90 ml/min Optional 40%N2/60%He, consumption approximately 90 ml/min
Burner air consumption	Built in burner air supply. No external cylinder air needed. consumption approximately 130 ml/min, all mixed fuel gases approx. 220 ml/min
Oven temperature	190°C (374°F)
Temperature control	micro-processor PID controller
Power requirements	230VAC/50Hz, 850 W. 120 VAC/60Hz optional
Ambient temperature	5-43°C (41-110°F)
Dimensions (W x D x H)	300 mm x 580 mm x 204 mm
Weight	approx. 18 kg (39 lbs)

3-200 HFID Total Gaseous Organic Carbon Analyzer

Available Options OVE 32 Quick change disposable 2 micron sample filter housed in the heated oven in stead of back purge sample filter (A 20% price advantage) **AMU 32** Automatic controlled range change with range identification **APO 32** Automatic sample filter pack purge; EXTERNAL, easily programmable back purge timing system for back purge time and purge sequence sequence. (Does not work with OVE 32) **AZM 32** Automatic flame ignition and re-ignition **ENGA 32** 6-digit engineering units display 0-100.000 ppm (or other units) with RS232 data output. 24 bit resolution allows to digitally measure throughout 2 to 3 measuring ranges without range change **FOAS 32** Flame out control with automatic fuel shut off valve **ICM 32 *** Built-in NMHC Cutter, measure either THC or Methane-Only concentrations with one analyzer **PDA 32** Sample pressure monitor with alarm **RCA 32** 0-20mA analog output instead of 4-20mA **RCIO 32** 0-20 mA analog output, galvanic isolated 4-20 mA analog output, galvanic isolated **RCI4 33 TPR 32** Built in temperature controller for J.U.M. heated sample lines Model TJ 100 or other lines with "J" type thermocouple Low pressure, 50 liter metal hydride hydrogen fuel Storage cartridge including FSS 32: mounted pressure regulator and pressure gauge on female 1/4" Swagelok guick connector. Refill from large cylinder is safe and can be made with standard 0 to 30 bar gas cylinder regulator. See inserted picture on 1st page of our data sheet Hydrogen Recharging Set; Pressure regulator for high pressure hydrogen **UFS 32**

1. ** ICM cannot be combined with LTO

TJ 100

Important!

2. *** TPR cannot be combined with ICM



cylinder equipped with Swagelok° flow through quick connector

Heated Sample Line: 1, 3, 5 and 10 Meters of Length. Ask for data sheet!

Low Pressure Metal 50 Liter Metal Hydrid Fuel Gas Storage See Questions & Answers Next Page:

Questions and Answers About the Low pressure Hydrogen Storage System

Q: Is the new fuel gas storage a high pressure cylinder?

A: Actually no, it is not! The new hydrogen FID Fuel Gas Storage System is charged at a low pressure of only 25 bar and is operating at pressures below 8 bar. The tank withstands pressures of over 100 bar.

Q: Is the new hydrogen storage a gas tank?

A: No, it is not a gas tank. In this hydrogen fuel gas storage system, hydrogen is stored in form of solid metal powder which chemically reacts to metal hydride when hydrogen is filled.

Q: How could I know when I used up hydrogen, and need to recharge it?

A: If the system is used correctly without a leak, the pressure in the storage drops below 1.5 bar after approx. 36 plus hours and the FID flame goes out. An elapse of 35 hours after correct charging is a good indicator to recharge the system. A pressure gauge in the fuel line can be used as an indicator.

Q: Can your new storage system store gases other than Hydrogen?

A: No, it is strictly a hydrogen storage system.

Q: What will happen if storage is charged with other gases?

A: In practice it will then work just like a high pressure tank. However, if the stored gas is another one than Hydrogen it will destroy the stored metal alloy powder and the storage will no longer store hydrogen properly.

Q: Is a pressure regulator required while using your new hydrogen storage system?

A: No, since the pressure in the storage remains almost constant until 98% of the gas is consumed, the internal regulator in our FID analyzer is all what you need.

Q: How long does it take to charge an empty hydrogen storage system?

A: Recharging is simple and fast. It only takes around 30 plus minutes to charge at a pressure of 25 bar at ambient air temperatures. All together charging takes about 60 minutes to reach equilibrium. Any standard hydrogen pressure regulator with an adjustable output range of 0 to 30 bar should be used for charging.

Q: What is the typical life span of the hydrogen storage system?

A: When always being charged with 99.999% standard 5.0 or higher quality purity hydrogen, the charge/discharge life span comes to over 8000 cycles with less than 10% decay in storage capacity. In fact, it can be considered as a limitless hydrogen source.

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